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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/534,526	10/14/2005	Peter Droscher	63360(51994)	4706
21874 7590 01/18/2007 EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP			EXAM	INER
P.O. BOX 5587	4		PATEL, VISHAL A	
BOSTON, MA 02205			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3673	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	THS	01/18/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/534,526	DROSCHER ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Vishal Patel	3673			
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DASSION of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>.</u> .				
/	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)□						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Education of the Education	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) 🔯 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/11/05</u> .	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Goldswain et al (US. 6,116,610).

Goldswain discloses a secondary seal element (figure 2) including a base body (24') made of a synthetic material (plastic), the base body comprising a base portion (portion adjacent to 48) and a seal portion (lips 28), the base and seal portions including coaxially aligned, axially adjacent through bores (bore formed by 28 and bore of base portion) for the passage of a component, and an annular disc element (40 in formed in an annular form) accommodated in the base portion and including a through bore (inner bore of the disc element) coaxially aligned with the through bores in the base and seal portions, the annular disc element being formed of a material which differs from that of the base body (figures shown this by the cross-hatching), wherein in the unloaded state, the through bore of the annular disc element has a radial dimension d which is greater than that D2 of the through bore of the seal portion and smaller than that D1 of the base portion of the base body (figure 2), and in that the material of the annular disc element comprises a carbon material.

Regarding claim 2: The annular disc element is provided in a recess (recess having surface 46) in an end face of the base portion and projects axially beyond the end face (figure 2).

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Regarding claim 3: The synthetic material of the base body comprises PTFE.

Regarding claim 4: The seal portion comprises a pair of radially spaced resilient web element (lips 28) having opposed outwardly directed sealing surfaces.

Regarding claim 5: The secondary sealing element having a means (spring 30) for radially expanding the web elements in a resilient manner.

Regarding claim 6: The base portion has an essentially rectangular cross-section (this is the case before the recess is formed in the base portion). Also this is shown in figure 1, where the disc element would be portion of 14 that is below 34.

Regarding claim 7: The elements now shown in figure 2 that are similar to the elements that are shown in figure 1. A mechanical face seal device comprising a pair of cooperating seal rings (13 and 10 of figure 2 that are similar to the rings 10 and 13 shown in figure 1) of which one is urged towards the other by an axial bias force (force by spring 16 that acts on 12 and then is acted on 13) and is axially moveably disposed on a sleeve (sleeve of 12), wherein for the purpose of sealing the one sealing seal ring with respect to the sleeve, a secondary sealing element (element shown in figure 2 that is between 12 and 14) according to claim 1 is provided in a thrust ring (14) seated on the sleeve in axially moveable manner for transmitting the bias force, and wherein the sleeve is formed of a material having a coefficient of thermal expansion which essentially corresponds to that of the carbon material of the annular disc element (this would be the case since both the sleeve, thrust ring and disc element are made of metal).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bauman et al (US. 5,921,556).

Bauman discloses a secondary seal element (figures 2-4) including a base body (62) made of a synthetic material (plastic), the base body comprising a base portion (portion after 84 and ending at 72) and a seal portion (74 and 84), the base and seal portions including coaxially aligned, axially adjacent through bores (bore formed by 54 and bore of base portion between 84 and 94) for the passage of a component, and an annular disc element (94) accommodated in the base portion and including a through bore (bore 98) coaxially aligned with the through bores in the base and seal portions, the annular disc element being formed of a material which differs from that of the base body (figures shown this by the cross-hatching), wherein in the unloaded state, the through bore of the annular disc element has a radial dimension d which is greater than that D2 of the through bore of the seal portion and smaller than that D1 of the base portion of the base body (figure 4).

Bauman discloses the claimed invention except for the annular disc element comprises a carbon material. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the insert of Bauman to have carbon, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a know material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice and well know to provide carbon in PTFE to provide increase strength. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goldswain.

Goldswain discloses the claimed invention except for the sleeve formed of tungsten carbide. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the sleeve of Goldswain be formed of tungsten carbide, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a know material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice and to provide mechanical expedience. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Watanabe et al, Stephenson et al, Baty, Warner and Siegrist et al. Furthermore the reference of Baty teaches every limitation of claim 7 except the secondary sealing element having a disc element, which is taught by either Bauman or Goldswain or Siegrist et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vishal Patel whose telephone number is 571-272-7060. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am to 8:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patricia L. Engle can be reached on 571-272-6660. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

VP

January 14, 2007

Vishal Patel

Patent Examiner

Tech. Center 3600